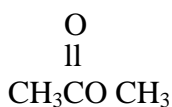
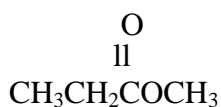


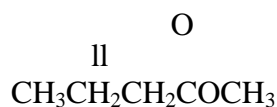
1. What would be the effect on a gas chromatographic peak of introducing the sample at too slow a rate (i.e., making a very slow injection into a gas chromatograph from a syringe)?
2. Describe the different contributions to peak broadening in a gas or liquid chromatographic system.
3. Consider the gas chromatographic separation of the esters methyl acetate, methyl propionate, and methyl n-butyrate on a column containing a stationary phase of intermediate polarity. What would be the retention order on this column? Would this retention order change if a non-polar stationary phase had been used instead? Explain. Would the retention times change on the non-polar column? Explain.



Methyl acetate

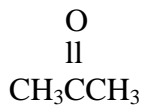


Methyl propionate

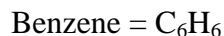


Methyl butyrate

4. What would be the effect of each of the following on the plate height of a gas chromatographic column? Explain each answer by referring specifically to terms in the equation that describes chromatographic peak broadening.
  - a) Increasing the weight of stationary phase relative to the support particles.
  - b) Increasing the flow rate.
  - c) Reducing the particle size of the packing.
  - d) Decreasing the column temperature.
5. Describe three general terms that can be adjusted to improve resolution in chromatographic separations and explain specific experimental changes that can be made to adjust these parameters.
6. In preparing a benzene/acetone gradient for a silica gel liquid chromatographic column (note, this is silica gel and not a bonded-phase material), is it desirable to increase or decrease the proportion of benzene as the column is eluted? Explain your answer.



Acetone



7. a) For a reversed-phase liquid chromatographic separation on a C-18 column, predict the elution order of n-hexane, n-hexanol, and 2-hexanone. Explain your answer.
- b) Suppose the liquid chromatogram of these three compounds came out as shown below. What is the problem with this chromatogram (there is a specific chromatographic term to describe it) and explain specifically what you would do experimentally to improve the chromatography?

